<u>Unit 7</u>

trade/ trading	cheerfully
privileged	chariot
rather	take place
preserve	rule
realize	cultural
endangered	instrument
cultivation	include
restore	calligraphy
ancient	curiously
gladiator	

I. Vocabulary

1. Some	animals were taker	n to the zoo to be so	aved.
a. endangered	b. ancient	c. cultural	d. privileged
2. Refrigerators are used	d to differe	nt kinds of vegetab	les and fruits.
a. realize	b. preserve	c. rule	d. restore
3. The bill for your stay in	n the hotel	breakfast and dinn	er
a. preserves	b. rules	c. realizes	d. includes
4. Our grandfathers use	d to travel to India to	many	kinds of spices.
a. restore	b. include	c. trade	d. realize
5. The land in this area i	s so rocky so it is not su	uitable for	
a. cultivation	b. gladiator	c. chariot	d. instrument

B-Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(cultural - ancient - cheerfully - curiously - rather)				
1.It's said that there is a treasure under the building.				
2.Children watch Disney c	artoons	as they are fun	ny.	
3. You can enjoy the oper	a in Sheikh Jabe	er Al-Ahmed	Centre.	
4.Muslim astronomers stud	ied the stars	to make new o	discoveries.	
	II. Gran	<u>mmar</u>		
A. Choose the correct ans	swer from a, b, c	c or d:		
1. Wright Brothers	the first plo	ane in 1903.		
a. are flying	b. fly	c. are flying	d. flew	
2. While they	It started to r	ain heavily.		
a. were walking	b. walk	c. are walking	d. have walked	
3. We meet our friends last week. We had exams.				
a. haven't	b. didn't	c. don't	d. aren't	
4. My father used to in a big hospital before he travelled abroad.				
a. were working	b. work	c. works	d. walked	
B. Do as shown between brackets: 1. It was raining when they (go) outside. (Correct the verb)				
2. While I (repair) my truck, the telephone rang. (Correct the verb)				
3. I visited a Nature Reserve last week. (Ask a question)				
4. People used to travel on camels long time ago. (Make negative)				

<u>Unit 8</u>

hardworking	public
rarely	park ranger
hidden	biologist
dig up	runway
SOW	staff
value	luggage
earn	passport
queue	aisle
perform	agent
behaviour	boarding pass

I. Vocabulary

1. People had to	for hours to get th	ne tickets for the final r	match.
a. value	b. perform	c. earn	d. queue
2. Our English teacher	rewarded all the	students	in my class.
a. hardworking	b. hidden	c. public	d. ancient
3. Before going to the	airport, you should m	ake sure you take you	ır
a. aisle	b. passport	c. behaviour	d. includes
4. The players had to .	well to h	elp their team win the	e match.
a. value	b. perform	c. earn	d. queue
5. My cousin and I are	not good friends. We	agree on an	ything.
a. curiously	b. cheerfully	c. rarely	d. rather
6. There is a wooden b	ook amon	g the trees. We must fi	nd it.
a. privileged	b. ancient	c. public	d. hidden

B-Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(staff – sow – biologist – earn - agent) 1. People work hard to money and improve their living. 2. Farmers should water the seeds after they them in the fields. 3. We enjoyed our stay in this hotel because of good service and friendly 4. If you want to be a/an, you should know about animals and plants. II. Grammar A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1. Peoplesmoke in hospitals. It is not allowed. a. should b. must c. mustn't d. have to 2. We have to pay when we visit the museum. It's free. b. doesn't c. don't d. haven't a. aren't 3. An animal trainerwork in an office or use a computer. b. don't have to a. should c. doesn't have to d. shouldn't 4. It's dinner time. She turn off the TV and come to the table. a. shouldn't b. mustn't c. doesn't have to d. has to B. Do as shown between brackets: 1. She has to iron the clothes every day. (Make negative) 2. Students have to wear school uniform. (Form a question) 3. A doctor has to use a computer in the hospital. (Form a question)

<u>Unit 9</u>

profile	Nobel Prize
composer	contribute
generous	faculty
imaginative	voyage
selfish	theory
organise	citizen
cabinet	admire
regularly	achievement
sweep	quote
laundry	

I. Reading / Vocabulary

1. My cousin was b	orn in Germany, but nov	v he is a French	
a. faculty	b. voyage	c. citizen	d. cabinet
2. My brother is ho	nest, polite and kind. All (our family	him.
a. quote	b. admire	c. organize	d. contribute
3. I am going on a	seanext week.	I wish the weather wo	ould be nice.
a. laundry	b. faculty	c. theory	d. voyage
4.1. My brother wro	ote a/ ans	tory about life in the fu	uture.
a. imaginative	b. selfish	c. generous	d. hidden
5. He can play diffe	erent musical instruments	s. He wants to be a	
a. biologist	b. park ranger	c. composer	d. gladiator

B-Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(selfish	ı - contribute – gene	erous - achievements - re	egularly)
1.Our neighbor is v	ery; he	always helps poor peop	le.
2. I Help	my mother in the g	arden and mow the law	n.
3. Every player has	toso that t	the team will win the mat	ch.
4. The player was .	because he	didn't let other players to	ike turn.
	<u>II. (</u>	<u>Grammar</u>	
A. Choose the cor	rect answer from a	, b, c or d:	
1.1ha	ve to take the bus t	o school because my do	ad drove me.
a. haven't	b. don't	c. shouldn't	d. didn't
2. You	. sleep too much. E	Eight hours sleep is fair en	ough.
a. haven't	b. don't	c. shouldn't	d. didn't
3. My brother is thr	ee years old. He	have to go to sch	ool.
a. hasn't	b. doesn't	c. shouldn't	d. didn't
4. He enjoys living i	in Paris. He lives the	re	
a. happily	b. happy	c. happier	d. happiness
B. Do as shown be	tween brackets:		
1. My brother had	to do the ironing. (1	Make negative)	
•			
2. My sister is a car	eful writer. He write	s (Add an adve	rb)
3. I had to help my mother in organizing kitchen cabinets. (Form a question)			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

6

<u>Unit 10</u>

silver	brilliant
ambitious	mausoleum
repair	concert
engine	population
submarine	impatiently
quality	seagull
issue	fascinated
film	create
neatly	

I. Vocabulary

1. We are waiting	for the plane to	land at the airport	•
a. impatiently	b. neatly	c. regularly	d. rarely
2. I enjoyed listening to cl	assic music which wa	s played in the	yesterday.
a. engine	b. concert	c. seagull	d. quality
3. Have you read the last	of our sch	ool magazine?	
a. mausoleum	b. repair	c. issue	d. quality
4. My sister is very	; she can solve	difficult math proble	ems.
a. ambitious	b. brilliant	c. fascinated	d. selfish
5. People are	by the decorated stre	eets and buildings ir	n Hala February.
a. fascinated	b. brilliant	c. ambitious	d. imaginative
6. My brother	a movie about se	a animals using his v	video camera.
a. quoted	b. swept	c. organised	d. created

B. Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(film –	- repair – population	– create - engine)	
1. The of Kuwa	it is about four million	n and is growing yearly	′.
2. Building new factories	will more jc	bbs and improve life qu	ality
3. My father needs to ch	eck his car because	theis overhed	ating.
4. I bought a new moder	rn camera to	the important family	occasions.
	II. Gramm	<u>nar</u>	
A. Choose the correct a	nswer from a, b, c or	<u>d:</u>	
1. I usually meet my frien	d at the hospital	he works.	
a. where	b. who	c. when	d. which
2. Sara Akbar is the Kuwo	aiti engineer	received the "Glob	al 500" award
a) who	b) where	c) when	d) which
3.1 will travel with my fan	nily to London	Sunday.	
a) in	b) on	c) at	d) of
4. Last year we went	train across	eastern Europe.	
a) of	b) on	c) by	d) in
<u>B. Do as shown between</u>	<u>brackets:</u>		
5. My brother works in a b	oig hospital. It was b	uilt in 1997. (Use: wh	nich)
			•••••
6. This is my cousin. He w	·	,	
7. Spring is the time			•••••
	·		

valley	reduce		
steep	pollution		
cautiously	gadget		
mayor	container		
pump	several		
operate	renewable		
attach	coal		
flow up	tiny		
recycle	deposit		
impact	solar		
powerfully	windmill		
I Vocabulani			

	<u>I. Vocabular</u>	Υ	
A. Choose the correct an	nswer from a, b, c or d	<u>:</u>	
1. Tothis mo	achine, you should red	ad the manual carefu	lly.
a. flow up	b. recycle	c. reduce	d. operate
2. It's important to drive ye	our carin r	ainy weather to avoic	l accidents.
a. powerfully	b. cautiously	c. impatiently	d. neatly
3. People had to walk up	the hill carr	ying water for their ve	getables.
a. renewable	b. tiny	c. solar	d. steep
4 is one of t	the most dangerous p	oroblems that we face	today.
a. Container	b. Pollution	c. Mayor	d. Gadget
5. You should keep your f	ood in closed	to keep it fresh and	l tasty.
a. pumps	b. containers	c. deposits	d. gadgets
6 is a non-renewo	able source of energy	which is found under	the ground.
		c. pump	_

B. Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(p	oollution - mayor - solar - o	attach - reduce)	
1. Do you know how	to a file to you	r email?	
2. He was chosen the	e by a lot of pe	ople in the city.	
3. It's better to	used materials to sav	e our environme	ent.
4. Heavy traffic is a n	najor source of noise	in crowded	cities.
	II. Grammaı	-	
A. Choose the corre	<u>ct answer from a, b, c or d</u>	<u>:</u>	
1. He is a hardworkin	g student,	ś	
a) does he	b) doesn't he	c) is he	d) isn't he
2. You will remembe	r my birthday,		
a) won't you	b) don't you	c) do you	d) will you
3. They are not going	g to a new car.	The old one is fir	ne.
a) is buying	b) bought	c) buying	d) buy
4. I do 6	exercises this afternoon in t	he gym.	
a) am going	b) am going to	c) going	d) go
	II. Gramma	<u>r</u>	
B. Do as shown betw 1. The police took the	veen brackets: e thieves to prison yesterdo	ay. (Make Passiv	e)
2. We are going to m	neet my cousin at the thec	ıtre. (Form a que	stion)
3. You won't forget y	our school bag,		g question)

<u>Unit 12</u>

prominent	environmental
publication	polar
calendar	icecap
honour	coast
reward	enormous
idiom	rise
heavily	homeless
degree	download
prediction	recall
forecast	disaster
	hurricane

I. Vocabulary

Pollution is a/an a. environmental	•		d. privileged
2. Scientists who have gre a. recalled		uld be and c. included	
3. They live in a/ana. homeless		12 rooms and wide g c. enormous	
4. We need to listen to the a. forecast	weatherto b. degree	know if we can trave c. disaster	
5. You can a lo a. forecast		s from the Internet. c. download	d. rise

B. Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(ho	meless – disaster – calendo	ars – idioms - pol	ar)
1. Because of the la	test floods in India, a lot of	people became	·····
2. Al-Aujairy had pub	olished wall, pock	cet diaries and o	ffice diaries.
3. The circus show er	nded in awhen t	the tent fell on p	eople last week.
4. The ice in the	icecaps is turning into v	water because c	of global warming.
	<u>II. Grammaı</u>	<u>r</u>	
A. Choose the corre	ect answer from a, b, c or d	<u>l:</u>	
1. Tomorrow is Sundo	ay, I definitely	go to school.	
a) will	b) may	c) should	d) can't
2.1	go to the cinema at th	he weekend, I'm	n not sure.
a) will	b) may	c) should	d) can't
3. I'm interested in m	nusic I'll have	a wonderful mus	sic collection.
a) or	b) so	c) because	d) but
4. We	travel to the UAE ne	ext week becau	se we have exams.
a) won't	b) will	c) could	d) couldn't
	<u>II. Gramma</u>	<u>r</u>	
B. Do as shown betw 1. My parents will bu	<u>veen brackets:</u> ly a new car next month. (F	Form a question)	
2. There will be heav	y rain and thunder tomorro	ow. (Make nega	tive)
3. I'll be an Arabic te	eacher. It's my favourite su	bject. (Join: bec	ause)

Reading comprehension / 1

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Children and adults are alike. They enjoy flying a kite on a windy day. However, kites are not always the bright and pretty toys we think of today. Kites started as tools for war. The Chinese flew kites around 3,000 years ago. **They** used them to get information and send messages.

Since then, kites have become more than just pieces of flying art. They have played significant roles in discoveries. Perhaps the best-known use of a kite was in a scientific experiment described by Benjamin Franklin in 1752. Franklin hoped to prove the connection between lightning and electricity. Another important use of kites was by the Wright brothers in the early 1900s. They used kites to test their ideas about flying, which helped them invent the world's first aeroplane.

Even now, kites are still an essential part of religious and cultural celebrations, and they have become a part of festivals around the world. The planes that allow us to travel worldwide have all **descended** from the simple kite. They all have the same basic idea.

- a) From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer: :(6 X2 = 12 Marks)
- 9. The **best title** for the passage is:
- a) A windy day
- b) The History of Kites
- c) Scientific Experiments
- d) Religious Celebration

10. The meaning of the unde	rlined word " descended " in the 3rd paragraph	n is :
a) flew	b) came	
c) helped	d) enjoyed	
11. The underlined pronoun "	they" in the 1st paragraph refers to:	
a) tools	b) years	
c) kites	d) the Chinese	
12. According to the passage	e, all the following sentences are TRUE except:	
a) Kites helped to invent cars	S.	
b) Kites were first used as too	ls for war.	
c) Kites are used in scientific	experiments	
d) Kites are used in some cul	tural celebrations.	
13. Franklin used kites in 1752	:	
a) because they are bright o	nd pretty toys.	
b) because kites are an impo	ortant part of religious celebration	
c) to prove the connection b	between lightning and electricity.	

d) to test his ideas about flying and invent the world's first aeroplane.

- 14. The purpose of the writer is to:
- a) advise us to buy kites for children.
- b) suggest new ways to celebrate a festival.
- c) encourage the readers to use kites in the festivals.
- d) tell the readers some information about kites.
- b) Answer the following questions:

15. When did the Chinese fly kites?	
••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

16. How are the planes similar to kites?

I. Reading comprehension/2

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

Nine thousand years ago, people did not have money. They traded animals and crops for things **they** wanted. In China, in about 1200 B.C., people traded shells for the things they wanted. Chinese people also traded metal tools, such as metal knives and shovels for the things they wanted.

Later in China, people made metal money. In about 100 B.C., the Chinese made money of animal skin. The first paper money was made from white coloured deer skin. It came from China about 900 years later. In about 700 B.C., people made the first round metal coins. The coins were made of gold and silver. They looked very **similar** to the coins we use today.

Coins came from Lydia. Lydia was located where the country called Turkey is located today. After people made coins in Lydia, people in Rome, Iran, and Greece also began making coins. Coins were very strong and could last a long time without becoming damaged. Money changes with time. No matter what it looks like, money means buying things. Money makes trading easier.

- a) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ Marks})$
- 9. What is the **main idea** of the 3rd paragraph?
- a. making paper money

b. making metal coins

c. knives and shovels in the past

- d. easy trading in countries
- 10. The opposite of the underlined word "similar" in the 2nd paragraph, is:
- a. enormous
- b. different

c. friendly

d. original

15. How did people get what they wanted before making money?	
16. Why wasn't the first paper money strong enough?	

Writing/1

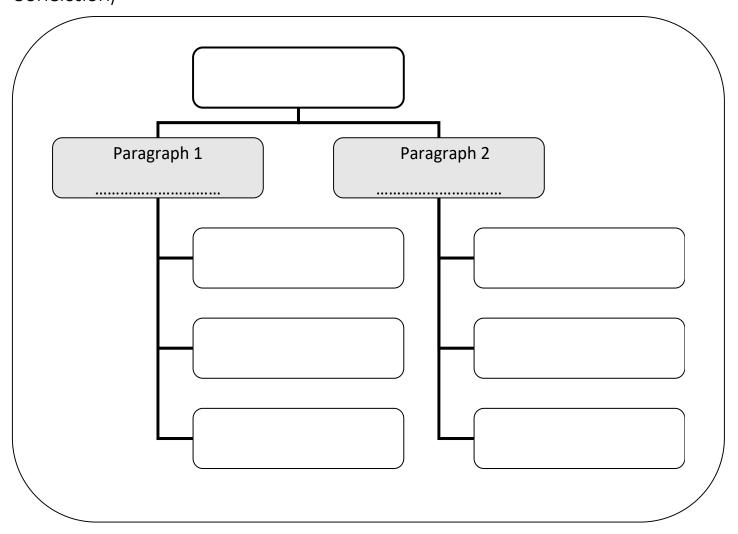
Write on the following topic:

"Old people often say that life was better than nowadays."

Plan and write two paragraphs, (10 sentences), comparing life in the past and nowadays. The following guide words might help you:

(simple / dark / lived / mud / easy / technology / modern / transport)

NB: (Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting ideas and a conclusion)



Write your topic here

Planning	Exposition of ideas & Coherence	Paragraphing & Numbers of sentences	Grammar	Spelling	Handwriting	Punctuation	Total Mark
(2)	(6)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(18)

Writing/2

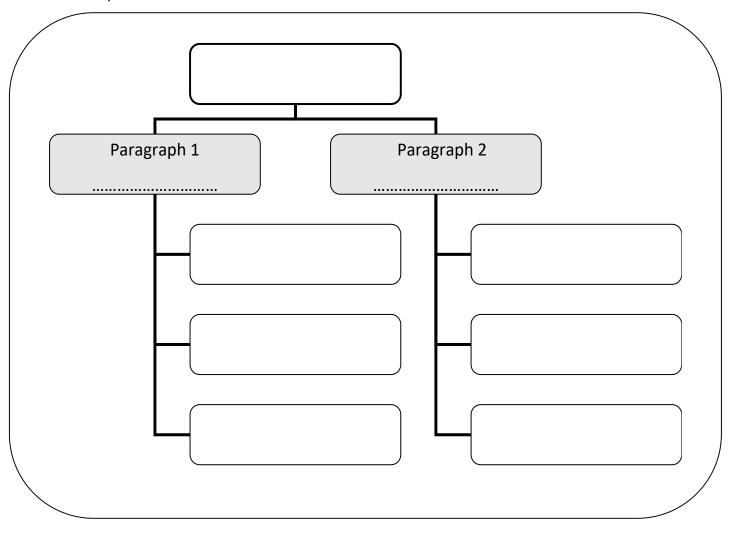
Write on the following topic:

"Without energy life would stop."

Plan and write two paragraphs, (10 sentences), about different sources of energy and how we can save it. The following guide words might help you:

(renewable / solar / reduce / turn off / saving light bulb / / small cars / recycle / regularly)

NB: (Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting ideas and a conclusion)



Write your topic here

Planning	Exposition of ideas & Coherence	Paragraphing & Numbers of sentences	Grammar	Spelling	Handwriting	Punctuation	Total Mark
(2)	(6)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(18)

وزارة التربية الإدارة العامة للتعليم الخاص التوجيه الفني للغة الانجليزية

امتحان التجريبي - الصف السابع - نهاية الفترة الدراسية الثانية - العام الدراسي 2023/2022

المجال الدراسي: اللغة الإنجليزية الزمن: ساعتين

القراءة: المفردات - الاستيعاب المقروء / الكتابة: القواعد - التعبير الكتابي

I. READING (30 MARKS)

	A) Vocabu	llary (14 Marks)		
A- Choose the correct	ct answer from a, b, c a	nd d: $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ Marks})$		
01- To be an ideal pas	ssenger, you should label	your caref	ully.	
a) deposit	b) instrument	c) luggage	d) hurricane	
02- It's important to d	rive your car	in rainy weather to avo	oid accidents.	
a) impatiently	b) powerfully	c) cautiously	d) regularly	
03- It's better to use.	energy beca	use it's clean and saves	energy.	
a) selfish	b) solar	c) brilliant	d) environmental	
04- A good citizen she	ouldto th	e welfare of his own cou	ıntry.	
a) rule	b) queue	c) contribute	d) admire	
B- Fill in the spaces	with the suitable words	from the list: $(4 \times 1^{1/2})$	= 6 Marks)	
	(preserve– rarely –	recycle – neatly– reward	1)	
05- It's better to	used materials to s	ave our environment.		
06- Refrigerators are	used to diff	erent kinds of vegetable	s and fruits.	
07- In summer, the ter	mperature goo	es under 30 and the weat	her is always hot.	
08- In big supermarke	ets, it is easy to find what	you want as everything	is organized	

B) Reading Comprehension (16 Marks)

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

Plants and animals need to survive in our wild world. How do they do it? There are many ways for plants and animals to live in our world.

The body or skin of some animals is similar in colour to the land around them. Some animals are brown just like the colour of trees so other animals and hunters cannot see them. Some animals can really change colours to match the place around them. Rabbits are a great example of this. Some rabbits' fur will change colours in different seasons. They are brown in the spring, summer, and autumn to match the trees. They become white in the winter when there is snow. This way the rabbit is safer from wild animals and hunters the whole year.

Plants survive in deserts, forests, and the Arctic. Desert plants collect, store, and save water for long time. Some plants have roots that get water very quickly. The water is saved in the centre of the plant. Other plants make chemicals that keep insects and animals from eating them. The poison stops the seeds of other plants from growing. It may even kill other plants that are already growing. Some plants make poisons that can kill a person. (205 words)

a-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ Marks})$

(9	W	ľ	h۶	ìt	18	tł	ne.	hes	t tit	le.	for t	his	text?	

- a. Living in Winter
- c. Making good Chemicals

- b. Surviving in the Wild
- d. Hunting Wild Animal

10. What is the meaning of the underlined word "store" in paragraph 3?

a. study

b. keep

c. give

d. feed

11. The underlined word "**They**" in paragraph 2 refers to:

a. colours

b. plants

c. rabbits

d. seasons

- 12. How do plants survive in the desert?
- a. They keep the seeds from growing.
- b. They keep water away from insects.
- c. They change colour in summer and in winter.
- d. They store and save water for long periods.
- 13. All the following sentences are **TRUE EXCEPT**:
- a. Some plants have roots that get water very fast.
- b. Plants store water in the center of the plant.
- c. All plants make poisons that can kill a person.
- d. Chemicals keep insects and animals from eating plants.
- 14. The purpose of the writer in this passage is to tell us:
- a. how tall trees grow fast in winter.
- b. how plants make a lot of chemicals.
- c. how rabbits live and eat in winter only.
- d. how animals and plants face dangers of life.

b- Answer the following questions, according to the passage: $(2 \times 2 = 4 \text{ Marks})$

15. How can rabbits stay safe in winter?
16. Why shouldn't we eat plants that we do not know?

II. WRITING (30 MARKS)

a- Choose the correc	A) Gramma t answer from a, b, c and	<u>ar (12 Marks)</u> d: (4 × 2 = 8 Marks)	
17. I'm looking	my keys. Hav	e you seen them?	
a) to	b) at	c) for	d) in
18. My mother	buy a new compute	r last week.	
a) hasn't	b) isn't	c) doesn't	d) didn't
19. I used to	too much fast food,	now I eat healthy food.	
a) ate	b) will eat	c) eat	d) eating
20. Paul	study hard for his so	eience exams. He isn't goo	d at science.
a) mustn't	b) doesn't have to	c) has to	d) can
B- Do as required in	brackets: $(2 \times 2 = 4 \text{ Marl})$	<u>(8)</u>	
•	nt the bread with a big knife	,	

22. Mum threw away all the old things. She didn't need them. (Use: which)

2022/2023

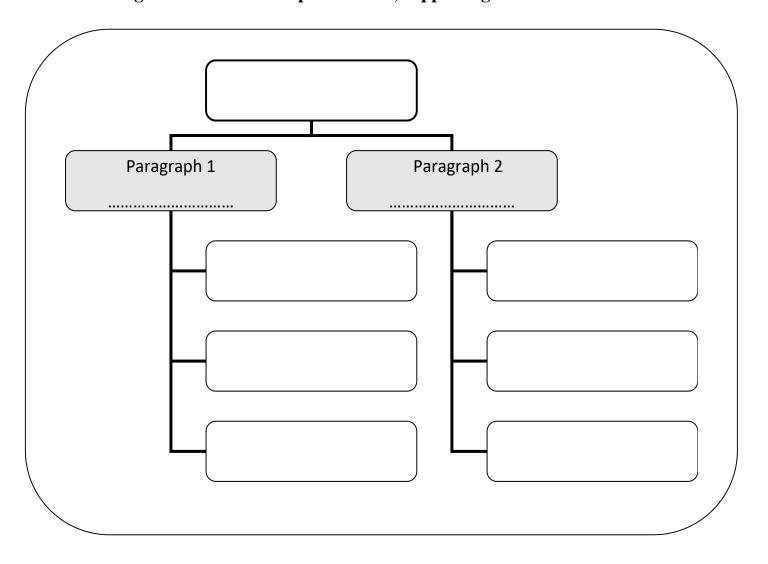
B) Writing (18 Marks)

"Scientists now agree that the world's climate is changing."

Plan and write a two-paragraph report (not less than 8 sentences) describing some changes that will happen in the future, problems and solutions. You can use the following guide words:

(rise - temperature - glaciers - melt - floods - farm lands - disappear - protect environment)

* Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion.



Write you topic here (16 marks)					

Planning	Exposition of ideas &	Paragraphing & Numbers of	Grammar	Spelling	Handwriting	Punctuation	Total Mark
(2)	Coherence (6)	sentences (2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(18)